





Plant Health and Climate Change

London, 21 – 23 **September** 2022

International Plant Health Conference



USDA APHS Plant Protection and Quarantine Climate Change Response





Climate Change Effects on Plant Pests







Better Pest Forecasting to Address Changes in Pest Risk





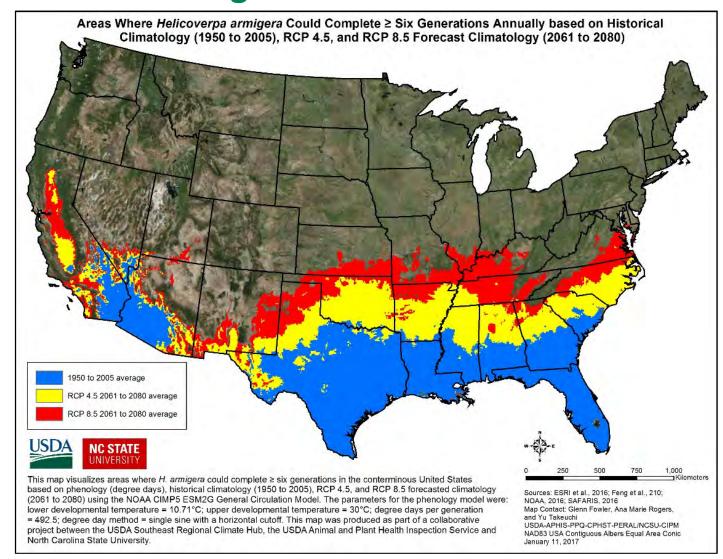


Spatial Analytic Framework for Advanced Risk Information Systems (SAFARIS)





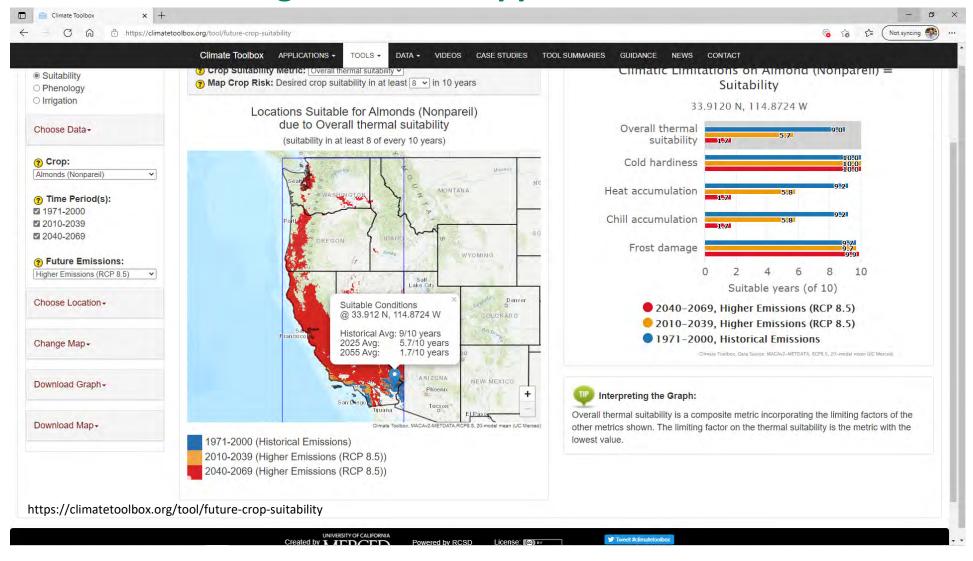
Climate Change Forecasts







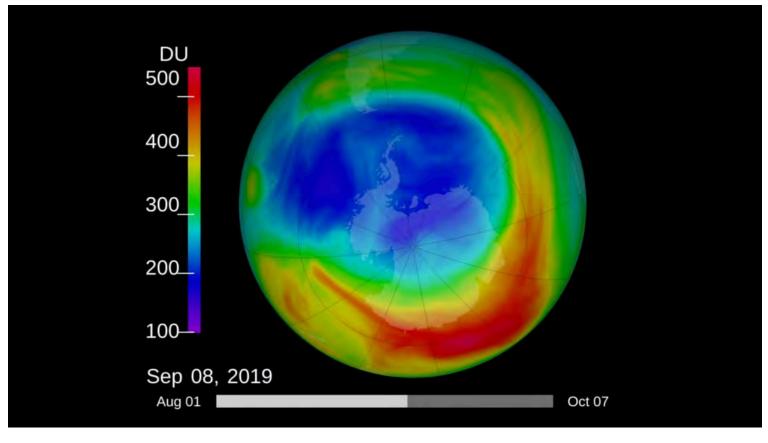
Potential Climate Change Forecasts Applications





Working to Reduce Methyl Bromide Use with Climate Friendly Alternatives





The 2019 ozone hole reached a peak extent of 6.3 million square miles on Sept. 8, 2019, the lowest maximum observed in 40 years of record. This NASA visualization depicts ozone concentrations on Sept. 8 in Dobson Units, the standard measure for stratospheric ozone. Credit: Katy Mersmann/NASA Goddard

Vacuum Steam Treatment of Hardwoods





Phytosanitary Irradiation



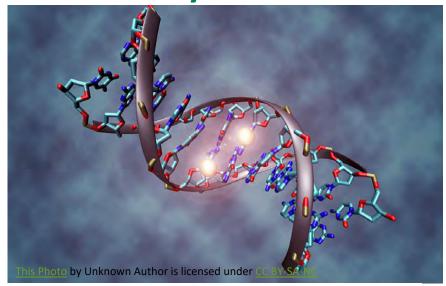
Small canister X-ray irradiator Sources: Jeffers (2021a,b, 2022)



Scott Bauer, USDA Agricultural Research Service, Bugwood.org



Reducing Unnecessary Treatments with Molecular Diagnostics





Sources: Ruiz-Arce and Farris (2021), Farris (2021)

Real-Time PCR Detection System





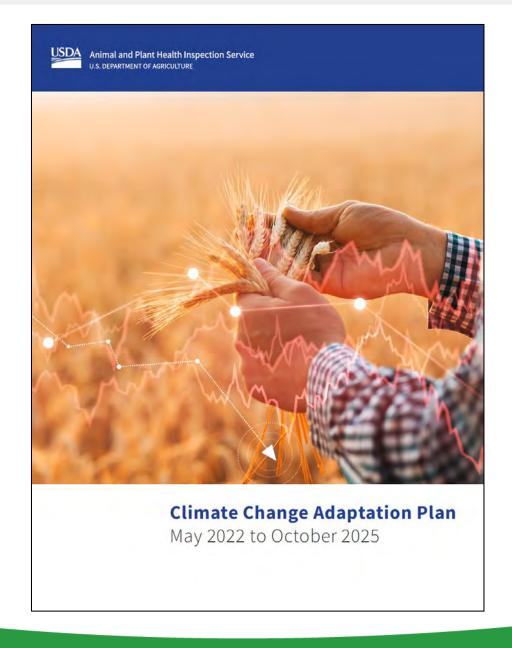


Reducing Unnecessary Treatments with Risk Analysis





Communication and Collaboration





International Efforts





Summary and Conclusions





Acknowledgements

- ✓ Wendy Jin
- ✓ Heike Meissner
- ✓ Alison Neeley
- ✓ Yu Takeuchi
- ✓ Woody Bailey
- ✓ Scott Pfister
- ✓ Scott Meyers
- ✓ Ronald Mack
- ✓ Laura Jeffers
- ✓ Hong Chen

- ✓ Xikui Wei
- ✓ Heather Dinon Aldridge
- ✓ Nevada Trepanowski
- ✓ Raul Ruiz
- ✓ Scott Moore
- ✓ Deirdra Chester
- ✓ Ernie Hain









Thank you

London, 21 - 23 September 2022

International Plant Health Conference

Glenn Fowler
Risk Analyst, USDA, APHIS, PPQ

